

CISO CHEAT SHEET:

NIS2 Compliance Blueprint

What NIS2 Means for CISOs

NIS2 is not a documentation exercise. It is a resilience and accountability mandate. For CISOs, it introduces three non-negotiable expectations:

- **Executives and boards are directly accountable** for cybersecurity risk management (*Article 20*)
- **Organizations must demonstrate operational cyber resilience**, not just prevention (*Article 21*)
- **Incident impact must be contained and provably minimized**, with formal reporting obligations (*Article 23*)

In other words, the questions directed at CISOs are moving from:

Do you have security controls?

to

Can you demonstrate that your controls actively limit damage when something fails?

Where Most Organizations Struggle Under NIS2

Across mid and large enterprises, NIS2 gaps consistently appear in the same operational areas:

Uncontrolled lateral movement inside internal networks

Overreliance on perimeter defenses and endpoint detection without internal enforcement

Privileged access pathways that exist but are not controlled at the network layer

Legacy systems that cannot support modern identity or MFA technologies

Overscoped vendor and third-party access into critical environments

Incident response strategies focused on detection, not containment

These gaps directly undermine NIS2 objectives around limiting propagation, preserving service continuity, and reducing systemic impact.

NIS2 Operational Readiness Checklist for CISOs

Use this checklist to assess whether your organization can meet NIS2's expectations for containment, resilience, and accountability.

1

Lateral movement is prevented

- We can block unauthorized east-west communication between systems.
- Attackers cannot move laterally after an initial compromise.

2

Privileged access is enforced on the network

- Credentials can only be used on explicitly approved network paths, with MFA enforced.
- Service accounts and legacy systems are protected by enforced network controls.

3

Containment is built into the environment

- Breaches are automatically contained without manual isolation or shutdown.
- Incidents do not disrupt large portions of the business; critical services remain operational.

4

Third-party access is restricted

- Vendor and supplier access is segmented at the network level.
- External accounts cannot pivot into unrelated internal systems

5

Controls are provable

- We can demonstrate, with evidence, how segmentation and access controls are enforced.
- We can clearly define the full scope of a breach for regulators and leadership.

How Zero Networks Enables NIS2 Compliance

Zero Networks directly supports NIS2 priorities by addressing the areas where most organizations struggle:

→ | **Prevents lateral movement at scale** through automated, identity-aligned microsegmentation

✓ | **Enforces privileged access for all systems**, including legacy environments, using network-layer MFA.

↘ | **Minimizes breach impact and blocks lateral movement** by containing threats to their initial point of compromise.

⚙️ | **Reduces supply chain and third-party risk exposure** by restricting external access pathways to only the systems and services explicitly required.

👁️ | **Provides defensible visibility into access paths, segmentation boundaries, and containment zones**, supporting incident scoping, regulatory reporting, and executive accountability.

Rather than adding another monitoring layer, Zero Networks operates as a dynamic containment and enforcement layer inside the network, helping organizations demonstrate that they can actively limit propagation and operational impact – which is central to NIS2 compliance.